Website Design of Monitoring and Controlling Shelter BTS System

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Abstract - Along with technological advances, people wants to be facilitated in using the monitoring and control applications. Application monitoring and control can be done easily and can be used to view the monitoring of an object from a distance. One of the main applications that can help in the field of monitoring and control is a Monitoring and Control System BTS Shelter. This monitoring and control can do by an admin from the another place.

An admin can perform condition monitoring BTS shelter simply by opening the application site via a PC (Personal Computer) or a gadget which has connection to the internet. The test results is shown that system designed have been successful to monitor and control the BTS shelter remotely using a web-based application.

Keywords: Monitoring, Controlling, Internet, Shelter BTS.

I. INTRODUCTION

Advances in technology led ideas and innovation in making an application that is useful to enable people to do activities. One of innovation in the field of technology is a system of monitoring and control shelter BTS (Base Transceiver Station). An operator that charge for monitoring and controlling the BTS shelter can do it wherever he is. With the presence of this system monitor becomes easy and efficient, including the efficiency of time. An operator can monitor the condition of the shelter BTS simply by opening the application via a PC (Personal Computer) or a gadget that is connected to the internet. The system is also useful at the time efficiency, because an operator does not need to visit the shelter BTS only for see the condition of the connected devices in the shelter BTS. Shelter BTS is as a protective shield telecommunications infrastructure or base stations to prevent damage and hazards to the BTS [1]. This research, developed a research that has been done before that is Design of BTS Shelter Monitoring Device [2].

Devices that connected to the BTS shelter is DHT11 that read of temperature and humidity, LED that function as lighting a room of shelter, the fan function as cooling a room of shelter, LCD (Liquid Cristal Display) function for displays the temperature and humidity, RFID (Radio Frequency Identification) function to read the key tag, solenoid serves as a key, and the switch serves as a comparison to give warning of danger at the door.

II. BASIC THEORY

A. Shelter BTS

Shelter by definition is something that can provide protection against a damage, while the BTS (Base Transceiver Station) is a telecommunications infrastructure that facilitates wireless communication between communication devices and network operators [1].

From the above definition BTS shelter can be interpreted as a protective shield telecommunications infrastructure or base stations to prevent damage and hazards to the BTS. Devices connected to the shelter BTS is DHT11 that serves as reading temperature and humidity, LED serves as lighting the room shelter, fan serves as the air conditioner shelter, LCD (Liquid Cristal Display) function displays the temperature and humidity, RFID (Radio Frequency Identification) function to read the key tag, solenoid serves as a key, and switch functions as a comparator to provide a hazard warning status door that the door is opened improperly.

The data is monitored from the shelter BTS including the temperature to detect normal or not the temperature conditions at the shelter BTS, humidity to detect humidity in the shelter BTS, the doors to detect if any threats forced open by someone who is not responsible, power shelter BTS to detect whether electricity shelter BTS are switched on or off. Besides being able to perform the monitoring system can also control the BTS shelter. The device can be in control of the system is the fan that serves as the air conditioner BTS shelter if the temperature detected in pretty hot.

B. HTML

HTML is abbreviation from Hypertext Markup Language. Referred to Hypertext Markup Language because the HTML structure using sign language (mark) to mark parts of the text which is known as a sign of an HTML tag [3]. HTML is the beginning of the creation of a website. To create a website, HTML used in making the layout or design template of a web page.

C. CSS

CSS (Cascading Style Sheets) is a collection of program code that is used to define the design of the markup language, where in the markup language is HTML [4]. With CSS a web designer can change the design of the text, colors, images, and backgrounds of almost all code HTML tags.

D. JavaScript

JavaScript is a scripting language that is popular on the internet and can work in a web browser, such as Internet Explorer (IE), Google Chrome, and Mozilla Firefox. JavaScript code can be inserted in a web page using the SCRIPT tag and also can be made in a separate file with the extension .js.

E. PHP

PHP is a programming language server-side script that is designed for web development. PHP is known as server side programming languages because PHP is processed on the server computer [5].

F. MySQL

MySQL is a SQL database management system that is open source. MySQL database system supports several features like multithreaded, multi-user, and database management system (DBMS). MySQL database created for the purposes of a database system that is fast, reliable, and easy to use [6].

III. DESIGN

A. System Design

In this final task that done is design a monitoring system and controlling shelter BTS.



Figure 1 Block Diagram Monitoring and Control System BTS Shelter

In the Figure 1 block diagram monitoring and control system is described that the shelter BTS sends monitoring data to the web hosting through IComsat module SIM900 GSM / GPRS Shield that further the monitoring data is sent and received to web hosting and stored into a MySQL database. Web hosting also send control commands to shelter BTS passes IComsat module SIM900 GSM / GPRS Shield and then the commands executed by the microcontroller Arduino Uno which located in the shelter BTS.

B. Design Software

Data Context Diagram

Diagram Context Data Monitoring and Control System BTS Shelter shown on Figure 2.



Figure 2 DCD Monitoring and Control System BTS Shelter

DFD Level 1



Figure 3.4 DFD Level 1 Monitoring and Control System BTS Shelter

IV. TEST RESULTS AND ANALYSIS

A. Interfaces Implementation

Interface Implementation Monitoring and Control System Shelter BTS has successfully made on the basis of system design that has been described in the part of system design. Interface display On Website shown on Figure 3.



Figure 3 Display Home Website

And administrator menu is shown on Figure 4.

Administrator Sistem Pemantauan dan Pengontrolan Shelter BTS Monitor BTS Manajemen BTS Logout							
Monitor BTS Pemantauan Sheller BTS							
Nama BTS Dago		Kipas	25°C Normal	Kelembaban 72 % RH	Pintu	1 anggal 01-07-2015 17:45:55	Status BTS
		0	23°C	78 % RH		01-07-2015	0

Figure 4 Display Menu Monitor BTS

B. Testing of System

Testing of the system is to determine the function of the system that has been designed, whether the system is functioning as expected or still in a failure (error). To do testing of the system that has been designed is to use alpha testing.

Testing Alpha

Alpha testing is a test that used to determine the function of the system have been made. To do this test is by doing blackbox testing methods. Black-box method is a test conducted to determine whether or not a function of software that has been successfully created. The result is shown on table 1, table 2, table 3, table 4 and table 5.

DID				
Testing Menu	Testing Detail	Type of Testing		
Login	Login as Admin/ Operator	Blackbox		
Monitor BTS	View Monitoring Data	Blackbox		
	Warning control the	Blackbox		
	danger door			
BTS	Display the sub menu of	blackbox		
management	BTS Management			
Add BTS	Adds BTS	blackbox		
Log BTS	View Log Shelter BTS	blackbox		
Control BTS	Controlling shelter BTS	blackbox		
Delete BTS	Deleting BTS	blackbox		
BTS detail	View the Detail of BTS	blackbox		
	and edit the BTS detail			
Logout	Admin/ operator logout/	blackbox		
	out of the system			

Table 1 Testing of System Monitoring and Control Shelter BTS

Table 2 Testing of Login Operator

Cases and Test Result					
Action	Expected	Observation	Conclusion		
Input the	Go to the page	Operator	Functioning		
username:	to log in	Testing is			
From the	administrators	success go			
table admin		to the page			
Password:		to log in			
From the		administrato			
table admin		rs			
Click the	Verifying the	Login	Functioning		
login button	username and	button			
	password data	function			
		properly			

Table 3 Testing of Monitor BTS

Cases and test result					
Action	Expected	Observation	conclusion		
Select the	Displays the	Can display	Functioning		
menu	status of	the status of			
Monitor	lights, fans,	lights, fans,			
BTS	temperature,	temperature,			
	doors, update	door, date of			
	date, BTS	update, the			
	status, and	status of the			
	displays the	BTS, and			
	warning of	displays the			
	temperature	temperature			
	danger and	danger			
	danger door.	warning and			
		danger door			
Click stop	Warning tones	Warning	Functioning		
button to	temperature	temperature			
temperatu	stop	tones success			
res hazard		to stop			
warning					
tones					

Cases and test result				
Action	Expected	Observation	Conclusion	
Select menu of	Display the	Can Display	Functioning	
Management	sub menu of	the sub		
BTS	management	menu of		
	BTS	management		
		BTS		

Table 4 Testing of BTS Management

Cases and test result				
Action	Expected	Observation	Conclusion	
Select menu	Display	Can display the	Functioning	
of	the	submenu of Add		
Manageme	submenu	BTS		
nt BTS	of Add			
	BTS			
Click the	Display	Can display form to	Functioning	
icon Add	form to	added shelter BTS		
BTS	added	system		
	shelter			
	BTS			
	system			
Fill data in	Filling	Can Filling data in	Functioning	
the form	data in the	the form Add BTS		
Add BTS	form Add			
	BTS			
Click the	New BTS	Can save the new	Functioning	
button of	data	BTS data to		
Add BTS	successful	database		
	ly save to			
	database			

V. CONCLUSIONS AND SUGESTION

A. Conclusion

As discussed in previous chapters then this research can be concluded that the Website Design of Monitoring and Controlling Shelter BTS System has successfully designed based on the results of testing.

B. Suggestion

The author gives suggestions for which will develop this research, namely:

- 1. Upgrade condition checking system on/off on each device BTS shelter, so it can determine which devices are experiencing interference on BTS shelter.
- 2. Adding a smoke alarm modules, rectifiers, generators, and batteries to provide extra security at the shelter BTS.
- 3. Create monitoring and control system with user friendly shelter BTS according to user needs.

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